#### §101-44.119 [Reserved]

## Subpart 101–44.2—Donations to Public Agencies and Eligible Nonprofit Tax–Exempt Activities

### § 101-44.200 Scope of subpart.

This subpart prescribes the authorities, responsibilities, policies and methods governing the donation of surplus personal property within the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands to eligible recipients as established in §101–44.207.

[53 FR 16112, May 5, 1988]

#### § 101-44.201 Authority.

(a) Section 203(j)(1) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended (40 U.S.C. 484) (hereinafter called the act), gives the Administrator of General Services discretionary power to prescribe the necessary regulations for, and to execute, the surplus property donation program. This authority empowers the Administrator to transfer executive agency controlled surplus property to the agency of each State government designated under State law to be responsible for all property transferred in accordance with this subpart and subpart 101-44.4.

(b) The property which may be transferred for donation includes all personal property which has been determined to be donable as defined in §101-44.001-3.

[53 FR 16112, May 5, 1988]

# § 101-44.202 State agency plan of operation.

Section 203(j)(4) of the act provides that State agencies shall be established and operated in accordance with detailed plans developed according to State law and conforming with provisions of the act. A State must have its plan of operation approved by the Administrator before it may have property transferred to it. The plan must assure that the State agency has the necessary organizational and oper-

ational authority and capability, including staff, facilities, means and methods of financing, and procedures with respect to: Accountability, internal and external audits, cooperative agreements, compliance and utilization reviews, equitable distribution and property disposal, determination of eligibility, and assistance through consultation with advisory bodies and public and private groups.

(a) State action. The State plan of operation shall be developed by the State legislature, certified by the chief executive officer of the State, and submitted to the Administrator for ac-

ceptance.

- (b) General notice. In accordance with the act no plan of operation and no major amendment thereof shall be filed with the Administrator until 60 calendar days after general notice of the proposed plan has been published, and interested persons have been given at least 30 calendar days during which to submit comments. In developing and implementing the plan the State shall take into consideration the relative needs and resources of all public agencies and other eligible institutions within the State. Assurance shall be provided in the State plan that such public notice and such time for public comment was provided prior to submission of the plan and that such consideration of relative needs and resources of all donees in the State was given in the preparation of the plan.
- (c) Specific assurances. A State plan for the establishment and operation of a State agency for surplus property distribution to eligible donees shall provide the following information and assurances. (A State may include in its plan other provisions not inconsistent with the purposes of the act and the requirements of this part 101-44):
- (1) Authority. The chief executive officer of the State shall submit the State plan of operation to the Administrator as follows:
- (i) The chief executive officer shall submit the plan and certify that the State agency is authorized thereby to acquire, warehouse, and distribute surplus property to all eligible donees in the State, to enter into cooperative agreements pursuant to the provisions of §101–44.206, and to undertake other